

Boiling – Sample Questions

37. What is the process of a substance changing from a solid to a vapor without passing through the liquid phase?

- a. condensation
- b. evaporation
- c. sublimation
- d. vaporization

38. Why would a camper near the top of Mt. Everest find that water boils at less than 100°C?

- a. There is greater atmospheric pressure than at sea level.
- b. The flames are hotter at that elevation.
- c. There is less atmospheric pressure than at sea level.
- d. The atmosphere has less moisture.

39. During boiling, the temperature of a liquid

- a. remains constant.
- b. increases.
- c. decreases.
- d. approaches the standard boiling point.

48. Which is true regarding evaporation and boiling?

- a. Evaporation takes place at the surface
- b. Boiling takes place at the surface
- c. Evaporation occurs at the boiling point
- d. Boiling occurs at any temperature

52. As the atmospheric pressure on the surface of a liquid decreases, its boiling point

- a. decreases.
- b. increases.
- c. remains unchanged.
- d. shows no correlation.

True or False:

- ___ 1. A liquid can “be made hotter” (risen to a higher temperature) than its’ boiling point temperature.
- ___ 2. Boiling a liquid always requires the input of heat energy.
- ___ 3. Water can be made to boil at room temperature.

Answers:

- 37. c
- 38. c
- 39. a
- 48. a
- 52. a

- True or False: 1. False
2. False
3. True